NCEC NEWS

NEWAYGO COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL COALITION



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The Newaygo County Environmental Coalition aims to foster an educated, active, and collaborative community dedicated to protecting, respecting, and promoting a sustainable natural world.

February NCEC & Ally Events



Native Plant Seed Sowing: Winter Milk Jug Greenhouse

Saturday 2/7
10am-12:30 pm
Newaygo Congregational UCC
424 Quarterline St, Newaygo

In this workshop, you will create a mini-greenhouse from a common milk jug and learn how to sow native seeds. Using your mini-greenhouse home, plant 3 annuals for the rest of the winter, and watch the seeds sprout and grow as the weather warms.

Free Registration



Trivia Takeover

Tuesday 2/10
6-8 pm
Newaygo Brewing Company

Why so serious? Come join Friends of the Muskegon River Watershed (MRWA) as we takeover trivia at Newaygo Brewing Company. Get ready to laugh, learn and connect!



Click above to visit our website calendar



Lower Muskegon Watershed Management Plan Information Sessions

Muskegon River Water Assembly (MRWA) is hosting community information sessions on the Lower Muskegon Watershed Management Plan. Each session is designed with a different target group in mind.

Session for the General Public

February 18th 6-7:30 pm
Fremont Area District Library
104 E Main St, Fremont

This session will overview the management plan and priority projects, discuss how local input shapes restoration efforts, and provide opportunities for questions and feedback on protecting the watershed. Your questions and feedback help guide MRWA's work for a thriving watershed.

More Info on General Public Session

Session for Farmers and Members of the Agricultural Community

February 25th 7:30am-9 am
Stone Lodge
4707 Tillotson Springs Blvd, Fremont

This practical info session will walk through the Management Plan, discuss how agricultural practices can support watershed health, and highlight ways to protect soil, water, and farm resources. Learn about cost-share opportunities, technical assistance, and how farmers can help sustain the land for generations to come. Your questions and feedback help guide MRWA's work for a thriving watershed.

More Info on Agricultural Session

Session for Local Government Officials

February 25th & 12:00 pm - 1:30 pm
Fremont Area District Library
6621 Main 45th Street, Fremont

This session is designed for elected officials, managers, administrators, zoning and planning commissioners, and others. During this info session, government representatives will overview key priorities, discuss implementation tools, and explore opportunities to align local policies with watershed health. The session will help participants understand everyday decisions with long-term protection of the Muskegon River and its communities.

More Info on Local Government Session

February Habitat Workday



TLC Habitat Workdays at Coolbaugh Natural Areas

Saturday 2/7 & Saturday 2/14

10 am – 1 pm

We will be thinning ash and white pine to preserve the prairie landscape, and burning brush piles. Wear weather-appropriate clothing, sturdy boots, and work gloves; a water bottle, and lunch if you have them. Arrive by 10am if able, but come anytime that you can! You do not need to stay for the whole time. Any and all work is much appreciated!

Don't park in the parking lot! Instead, meet us at 43°24'13.9" 85°45'23.4"N, on the north side of 18th street. We should be visible from the road!

If the workday is cancelled due to weather, an email announcement will be sent and you can also check the NCEC event calendar for cancellation updates.

Announcing the NCEC Pollinator Pathways Initiative

Written by: Randy Sutton



One of every three bites of food on the table owes because of pollinators. Yet, all types of pollinators have been declining at alarming rates around the world. Since the first months of 2021, around 50% of commercial bee stains honeybee colonies have died. The Rusty Patched Bumblebee, once listed even across our quarter of them are currently at significant risk of extinction. Many other pollinators have mostly disappeared from their known, historic ranges.

Last year, Michigan beekeepers reported losing around 60% of their colonies on average. At the same time, native bumblebee species in Michigan have seen significant declines. Only four of the 16 state-ranked bumblebees have disappeared from the vast majority of their historic ranges. Habitat loss has been across the board, including pesticides, pests, and pathogens. Habitat loss is the most significant challenge, and it is the number one threat leading to the species extinction.



A Rusty Patched Bumblebee (Bombus affinis) on a Joe Pyle (Eutrochia fistulosa) flower. ⓒ Wikimedia Commons



A Xerces® Blue Butterfly (Lycaeides melissa samuelis) at Hill Prairie

The Newaygo County Environmental Coalition (NCEC) was established to be a group of locally addressing critical issues of conservation and environmental.This year, NCEC will be focusing on the issue of pollinator habitat loss. Our goal is to help reverse the trend of pollinator habitat fragmentation and loss.This will be a landscape scale, strategic initiative, aimed at creating and preserving ecosystems. This will support pollinators, such as bees, butterflies, moths, flies, beetles, and hummingbirds, as they move from habitat to habitat through a network of gardens, parks and protected areas. Creating and maintaining pollinator habitat is the key.

In the early 2010s, Xerces® Society and Jacob Borglum created a descriptive taxonomy project called Pollinator Pathways. Her 2020 published work, Pollinator Pathways Toolkit, has served as primary resources. By 2021, pollinator pathways projects began what has become a nationwide organization targeting, advocating and promoting pollinator habitats and resources.



This year, NCEC will start the process of building out new local pollinator pathways. We will follow the proven methods of others groups that have successfully. We will begin with a core group that can help us identify areas of high conservation value and then connect them with a real life, mappable pathway. This will be done by planting native flowers, shrubs, and trees that provide food and habitat for pollinators and other species throughout the growing season.

Our communities can have a significant protective impact on pollinators. The pathways we build together will provide a natural food and nesting resources in the form of native plants. We will be enhanced and pollinators will be supported. Ultimately food for humans will benefit, and our own ecosystems will benefit.

If you'd like to follow the pathway, to learn more, and to join the Pollinator Pathway Initiative, email: thomas@bee-no.org.



Planting for Pollinators: A Conversation with Sarah Pregitzer

Interviewer and Editing by Bianca O'Hara



In preparation for the upcoming growing season, our interviewer sat down with Sarah Pregitzer, Executive Director of Wildflower Farm. She has a wealth of knowledge to offer about the role of pollinators in our ecosystems as well as easy ways to get started planting for pollinators in your yard or in the community.

Pollinator initiatives have been taking off all over the nation. Why are people getting interested in Planting for Pollinators?

I think most people who've been around for a while have noticed that there aren't as many bugs as there used to be. I remember seeing fill-type windscreens in a puddle, and that's not the case anymore. I remember when you used to get bugs on your windshield, just not around like they used to be.

And of course, one in three bites of food on our deposits directly on pollinators. Really the only things that don't are the grasses like wheat, that are pollinated by the wind, and the things that can eat grasses, like sheep and goats and cows. But all of our fruits and vegetables have to be pollinated.

Who are the "biggest" pollinators around here?

That's hard to name, but if I were to guess, I'd say probably honey bees. They can travel longer distances than most other pollinators, which is an advantage to them in a monoculture landscape. They're also very efficient pollinators. They're very social creatures, especially the creatures in nests. There are way fewer solitary bees than there used to be. Some folks, myself included, keep them for pollinator services, but they don't remember the native bees.

What can I do to support pollinators in my yard?

Give them places to live! Native bees pollinators need native plants to collect nectar and pollen from. A lot of non-native plants they don't recognize as food sources. Everyone can provide nesting habitat for pollinators of all kinds. You don't need to provide it yourself, but you can leave areas of your yard to grow up and be messy, and that's fine for bees. Just wilds plants or clay. Just make sure to keep some rocks in there: pebbles, or fat clear stones, will give them a place to climb out.

The last thing our pollinators need is nesting space. The mason bees need wood to become bees, so if you're having some wood to cut, great, like an old piece of driftwood, or a log that's been sitting around, you can drill holes in it and put it out for the mason bees. A sense of that: mulch covers' soil and plants like acorns and just leave the soil exposed.

And please, please don't use any of the "bee-vented" plants. Those have been known to "pest-vented" certain Monotonized which harms vulnerable insect communities.

Which plants should I plant?

There is a great native plant list every circumstance!

There are three primary things you should consider: over soil, the amount of moisture it holds, and the light conditions in the garden space. Nurseries often have native catalogues that will show you each plant's requirement for those elements – they should be willing to help you. You can also use the Prairie Moon Nursery website, based in Minnesota.

This long wait to consider bees alone – picking a few plants that bloom in each part of the growing season keeps your garden colorful, and can help support pollinators in the fall, when they are preparing for winter and flowers are getting much more scarce.

If you want a specific pollinator, you can plant clover for bumblebees, Clarkia for hummingbird nettles, and strawberry bushes or raspberries, and I love those little grass bees that are attracted to grasses. Some of the most beautiful pollinators are the tiniest: planting I had planting moths all over these bushes, and of course, the local famous pollinator, the farmer blue butterfly's caterpillars need our native lupine, now called Pollinator Lupine. Lupine is a host plant for the endangered Karner blue butterfly caterpillar, but it's also the host for Western Lilly – it can hybridize with our native lupine. Now they're called Pollinator Lupine, and they're not the bloom from that plant.

How should I prepare my space for planting?

I don't recommend digging up the space you want to plant – this gives the seeds already stored in the soil a chance to germinate, and they may or may not be what you're looking for. Instead, you can put down cardboard or a tarp, and cover it to kill it. Newspaper (I'd recommend against this, as it's not as effective as cardboard) can be used, but it should be covered by something else for soil. If you use the newspaper/cardboard combination, you shouldn't have to really weed for at least 3-5 years. I never recommend landscape fabric. It's not effective at preventing weeds and can become an NCEC Ally. Ever, and will reduce the soil permeability.

I also like to edge my gardens. A square-nosed shovel works just fine for the task. Just dig straight down and create a small trench, making a wall of straight vertical soil. This "air trench" will stop the turf grass from sending runners into your garden.

Your Questions Are Next!

Is there something you've always wondered about pollinators? Do you need ideas or advice for planning in your yard? Fill out our online form between now and the end of February and we'll answer your questions in the next newsletter! Sarah is excited to interview and Sarah will answer YOUR inquiries about pollinators, gardening with native plants, how to advocate, and other burning curiosities about the role of pollinators in Newaygo County's ecosystems.

Submit Your Questions for Sarah

Volunteer Spotlight



Tim Duffy: Champion of Vernal Pools and First Wood Frog Award Honoree

Tim Duffy of Newaygo, Michigan, has been honored as the first recipient of the Wood Frog Award by the Michigan Vernal Pool Partnership in recognition of his outstanding contributions to vernal pool conservation. The award ceremony took place on August 23, 2025, at the Kirkpatrick Farm and Environmental Center during the Vernal Pool Partnership's annual gathering, which drew more than 100 people. Attendees enjoyed informative sessions on identifying fish vernal pools, shared stories, and explored the Kirkpatrick woods to observe a dried vernal pool.

Tim's journey with vernal pools began when he attended an initial training session at Brooks Township Hall. This two-hour "book" training was a prerequisite for the hands-on field training. Tim, who was already familiar with the area's natural beauty through his volunteer work with the North Country Trail, was fascinated by the ecological importance of these distinctive calls of wood frogs and spring peepers.

Tim Duffy's dedication and adventurous spirit exemplify the essence of the Wood Frog Award, inspiring others to appreciate and protect these vital ecosystems.

Click to read entire Article

2026 Michigan Vernal Pool Patrol Virtual Training Series - Starts 2/10!

Learn more about vernal pools and how you can help monitor and protect them. Registration is required to receive the Zoom link. Please register to receive the most up-to-date information and resources to those interested in participating in the Michigan Vernal Pool Patrol or just interested in learning more about these important wetlands. The training will be presented via Zoom webinar on Tuesday evenings from 6:30 PM to 8:00 PM EST. It is \$10 (US) per EST if you are interested in participating in the Vernal Pool Patrol please plan on attending ALL three sessions.

Register for the Training Series Here to Join the Michigan Vernal Pool Patrol

What Else Can I Do?

1. Share our website, posts, and E-news with Newaygo Community members and Organizations.

2. Join a Team! NCEC has teams about invasive species, native landscapes, ad restoration opportunities. More info on our website.

3. Bring your skills and knowledge to NCEC. Contact us if you have ideas of skills or offerings you'd like to bring to our community in partnership with NCEC.

4. If you work with another local organization doing similar work to NCEC, ask if your organization can become an NCEC Ally. Ever, and your organization can apply here.

5. Click here to Donate!

Your Support Makes A Difference

NCEC is a small but mighty 501c3 non-profit organization! We depend on your tax deductible donations to keep our doors open and to help us grow with our Newaygo County Environment needs.

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